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*Bath, October* 10.

ON Thurſday laſt Her Majeſty, with his Royal Highneſs, after Six Weeks ſtay, left this Place about Nine in the Morning, being attended by the Mayor, one of our Repreſentatives in Parliament, the Aldermen and Common-Council, to the North-Gate, from whence the Sheriff and his Men waited on Her Majeſty to the Confines of Somerſetſhire; The Corporation having ſome time before preſented Her Majeſty with a Silver gilt Cup, with a Cover and Salver, all in a rich Caſe of Crimſon Velvet laced with Gold, and having waited every Sunday on Her Majeſty to Church in their Formalities, did now in a moſt ſolemn manner expreſs their Duty to Her Majeſty, wiſhing Her Majeſty and his Royal Highneſs a happy Journey: After which the Corporation was invited by our Mayor to his Houſe, where they drank Her Majeſty's and the Prince's Health, who ſeem'd well pleaſed with their Reception in this City, and with the Bath Waters, as contributing very much to their Healths; of which we hope for a long continuance.

*St. James's, October* 13. The following Addreſs was preſented to Her Majeſty by Colonel *Blakiſton*, Governor of *Maryland*.

*To the Queen's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.*

The humble Addreſs of Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Council and Delegates of the Aſſembly of Your Majeſty's Province of *Maryland*.

*SAD and Diſmal was the News of the Death of our late Gracious Sovereign Lord* William III. *of ever bleſſed Memory; whoſe Royal Virtues and Heroick Atchievements, in reſtoring and eſtabliſhing the Reformed Religion, and maintaining the juſt Liberty of his Subjects, had rendred his Perſon moſt dear, and his Memory moſt fragrant, to all his loving Subjects, and particularly to us, who had always our juſt Proportion of his Royal Care and Bounty: We have loſt a good and great King, who amongſt his Subjects was an Eminent Example of good Life, a Diſcountenancer of Immorality, and an Encourager of Virtue and Sober Converſation, and abroad was the Terror of his and the Nation's Enemies, and Support of his Allies; whoſe departure out of this Life, we, with the reſt of Your Majeſty's Subjects, moſt unfeignedly lament and condole: But yet, notwithſtanding this ſad Circumſtance, to which Almighty God (whoſe Heavenly Will be done) in his good Providence has reduced us, we find our ſelves not a little comforted when we behold Your Majeſty, whom we acknowledge our True and Rightful Sovereign Queen and Liege Lady, ſucceeding our ſaid late Sovereign, not only in his Dignity and Dominions, but in all his Virtuous, Pious and Gracious Inclinations and Diſpoſitions, to Protect Religion and Liberties, according to our known and eſtabliſhed Laws, and ſo ſteadily without Interruption to proſecute the ſame Alliances and Royal Deſigns; in which we pray God Almighty to proſper Your Majeſty, and bleſs You with long Life and an happy Reign.*

*We acknowledge our Happineſs under the immediate Government of Your Majeſty's Crown, and the Eſtabliſhment of Religion among us; and herein we are obliged in Gratitude to declare the Care, Integrity and Juſtice of our preſent Governor,* Nathaniel Blakiſton *Eſq; by whoſe Example and Encouragement Religion has been advanced among us, and by whoſe Juſtice and Conduct we have enjoyed all that free Subjects can reaſonably deſire or hope for, and for whoſe leaving us (becauſe he has not his Health) we are heartily ſorry, and entirely depend on Your Majeſty's Wiſdom and Goodneſs to ſupply us in that Particular. And we beſeech Your Majeſty to continue this Your Majeſty's ancient Province in your Royal Care and Conſideration, aſſuring Your Majeſty of the ſincere and good Affections of the Inhabitants thereof, from whom Your Majeſty may expect all that chearful Obedience which Love and Duty commands from, Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects.*

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

*Ratisbonne, Octob.* 9. *N. S.* The Elector of *Bavaria* having made himſelf Maſter of *Memmingen* by a Capitulation, the chief Conditions of which are, *That the Burghers ſhould be Diſarmed, but not moleſted in their Poſſeſſions, Liberties or Religion, or overburthen'd with quartering of Soldiers, or obliged to defend the Town in caſe of an Attack*; He ordered that a Gariſon of 2000 Men ſhould be put into that Place, which accordingly took Poſſeſſion of it the 2d Inſtant. He has ſince poſſeſſed himſelf of *Kempten*, another Imperial Town, and his Troops are alſo entred into *Biberach*; And by Letters from *Munich* of the 6th we underſtand, that he deſigned to attack *Kauff-Bayern*, an Imperial Town on the River *Wertach*, and that not being in a Condition to ſeize *Augsbourg*, he had prevailed with that City to enter into a Treaty, whereby they have engaged not to admit any Foreign Gariſon. It is ſaid, he will alſo endeavour to take *Nordlingen*, an Imperial Town about 6 miles diſtant from *Donauwerth*; And he has ſummoned 4000 Pioneers in his Country, who are to make a Line from *Ingolſtad* to *Newmark*, to cover the *Bavarian* Palatinate. The Detachment which was lately made from the Imperial Army to oppoſe his Deſigns, conſiſting of 58 Squadrons of Horſe and 22 Battalions of Foot, having with them 23 Pieces of Cannon, came the 3d Inſtant to *Villingen*, a ſmall Town near the Heads of the Rivers *Neckar* and *Danube*, where a conſiderable Magazine of Meal, Oats and Hay, had been prepared for them by the States of the *Upper Swabia*, and as we ſuppoſe they are now continuing their March, in order to paſs the *Danube* near *Dillingen*; but we have no freſher Accounts of their Motions than thoſe of the 3d, our Letters, as we imagine, having been intercepted. The Imperial Huſſars have already had ſeveral Rencounters with the *Bavarian* Forces with good Succeſs, and 1700 of them are now marching towards *Hall* in *Swabia*, to oppoſe their making the Line above-mentioned between *Ingolſtad* and *Newmark*. Letters from *Keihl* of the 2d ſay, the *Germans* had taken ſeveral Redoubts on the *Rhine*, between Fort *Louis* and *Sbrasbourg*, and had made a Bridge of Boats over that River near *Stolhoffen*; That a Detachment of 10000 of their Men was marched towards *Scheleſtad*, and that the reſt of their Army would draw nearer to *Strasbourg*. Letters from *Italy* of the 26th paſt left the Imperial and the *French* Armies in their old Poſts, but the latter ſeemed to prepare for decamping. Adjutant-General *Davia* had advanced as far as *Pavia* with 500 Horſe, and had obliged that Town to pay him 2000 Piſtoles by way of Contribution; There are Letters from ſeveral Places that ſay, 69 of his Huſſars came as far as *Milan*, and having driven the Guard which was at the Roman Gate from their Poſt, entred the Town, and rode through ſeveral Streets, crying out, *Long live the Emperor*, and then retired, without doing any Harm or meeting with any Oppoſition: As they came out they cut down the Duke of *Anjou*'s Arms, which were ſet up over that Gate.

*Francfort, October* 12. The Marſhal *de Catinat*, who continued ſome days near *Strasbourg*, with intent to cauſe his Troops to file off in ſmall numbers towards *Heuningen*, in order to ſurpriſe our Forces at *Fridlingen*, over-againſt that Place, finding that his Deſign was diſcovered, and that this Body had been reinforced by ſeveral Detachments from the Imperial Army, he decamped very ſuddenly ſome days ago, and marched with his ſmall Army towards *Heuningen*. Our Letters from thence give an Account, that the Marquis *de Villars* being arrived there with the Detachment of *French* Forces under his Command, endeavoured ſeveral times to take Poſt in an Iſland of the *Rhine* over-againſt that Place, (where the *French* had formerly ſome Fortifications, which were demoliſhed in purſuance of the Treaty of *Ryſwick*) but having been conſtantly repulſed, he ſent on the 2d Inſtant in the night a great number of Men in Boats over the *Rhine*, who landed before they were diſcovered, but our Forces ſoon obliged them to get into their Boats again; however the Enemy remained Maſters of the Iſland, and returning in their Boats in greater numbers, took Poſt on this ſide of the *Rhine*, and attacked a Fort we had built there to oppoſe their Lan-